Pacific Northwest Northern Pike Forum and Coordinating Group Update:

Northern Pike (Esox lucius)



Northern Pike (Esox lucius)

- Voracious ambush predator
 - Can consume prey (fish, ducks, bats, etc.) up to 60% of their body length
- State record in Montana
 - ~40 lbs and ~4 feet long!
- Non-native in Columbia River Basin outside of Saskatchewan River drainage in Montana
 - Introduced elsewhere legally and illegally



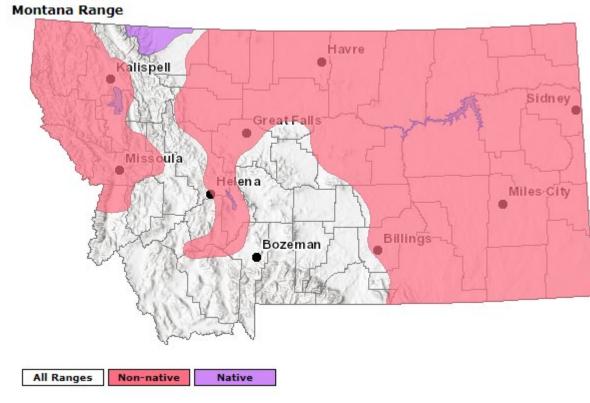
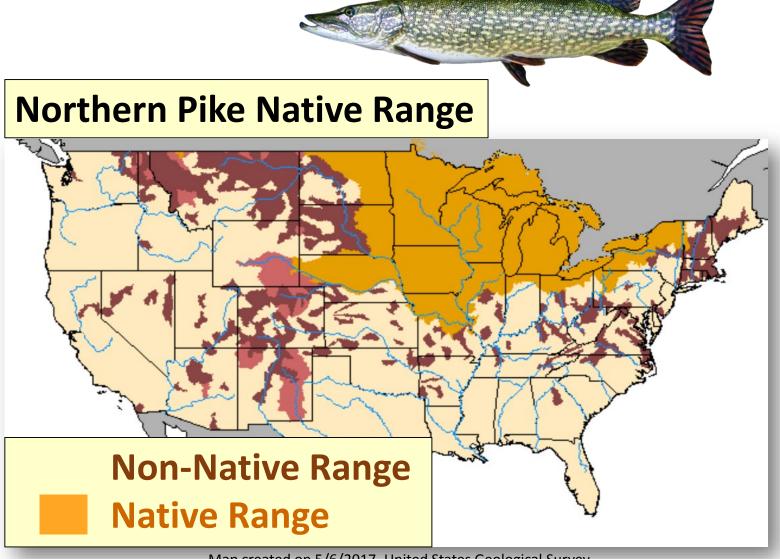


Image Credit: http://fieldguide.mt.gov

Northern Pike (Esox lucius)

- Montana
 - Native and Introduced Game Fish
- Idaho
 - Introduced Game Fish
- British Columbia
 - Native Game Fish and Invasive Species
- Washington
 - Invasive Species
- Oregon
 - Invasive Species
- Alaska
 - Native Game Fish and Invasive Species



Map created on 5/6/2017, United States Geological Survey

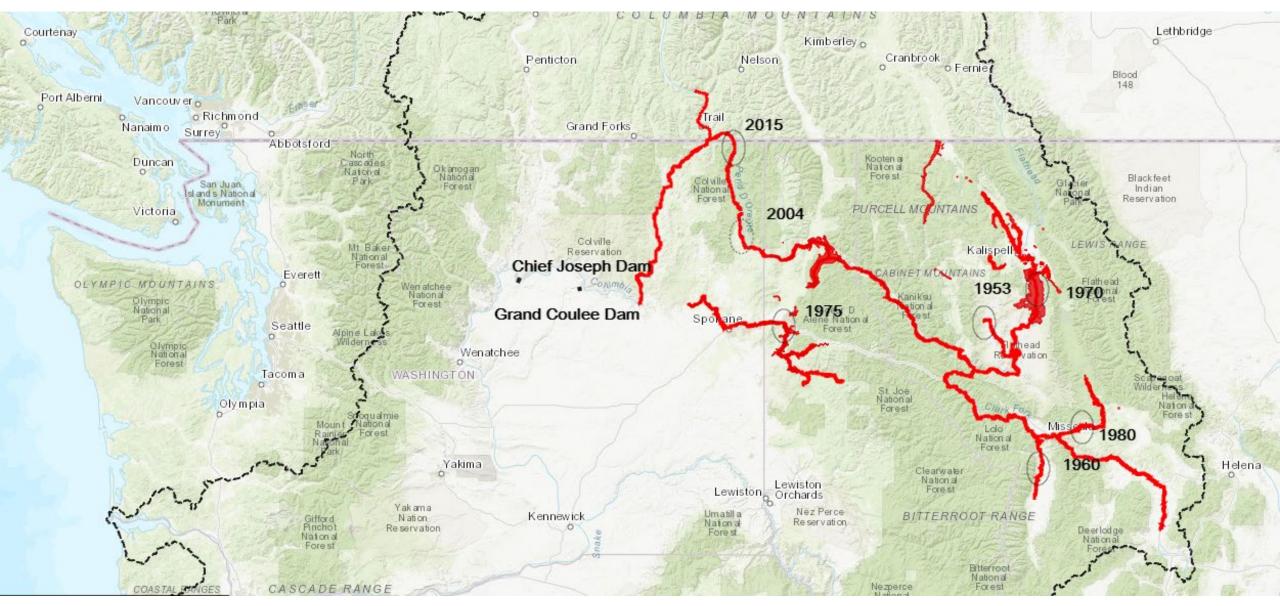


Image Credit: State of Washington Governor's Salmon Recovery Office

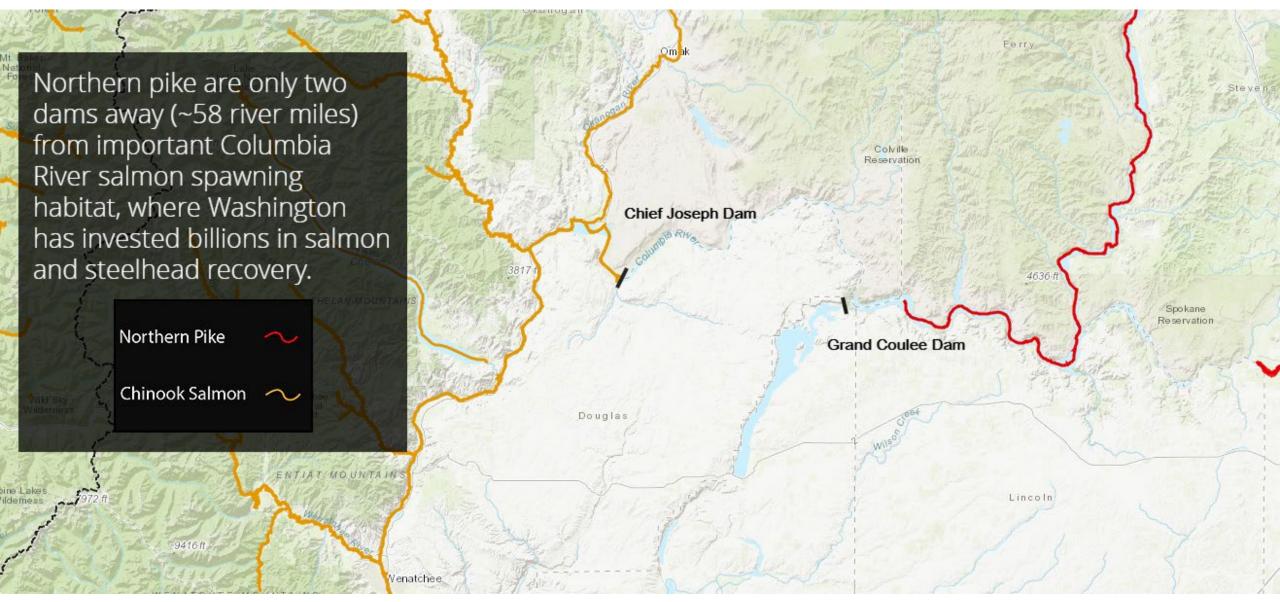
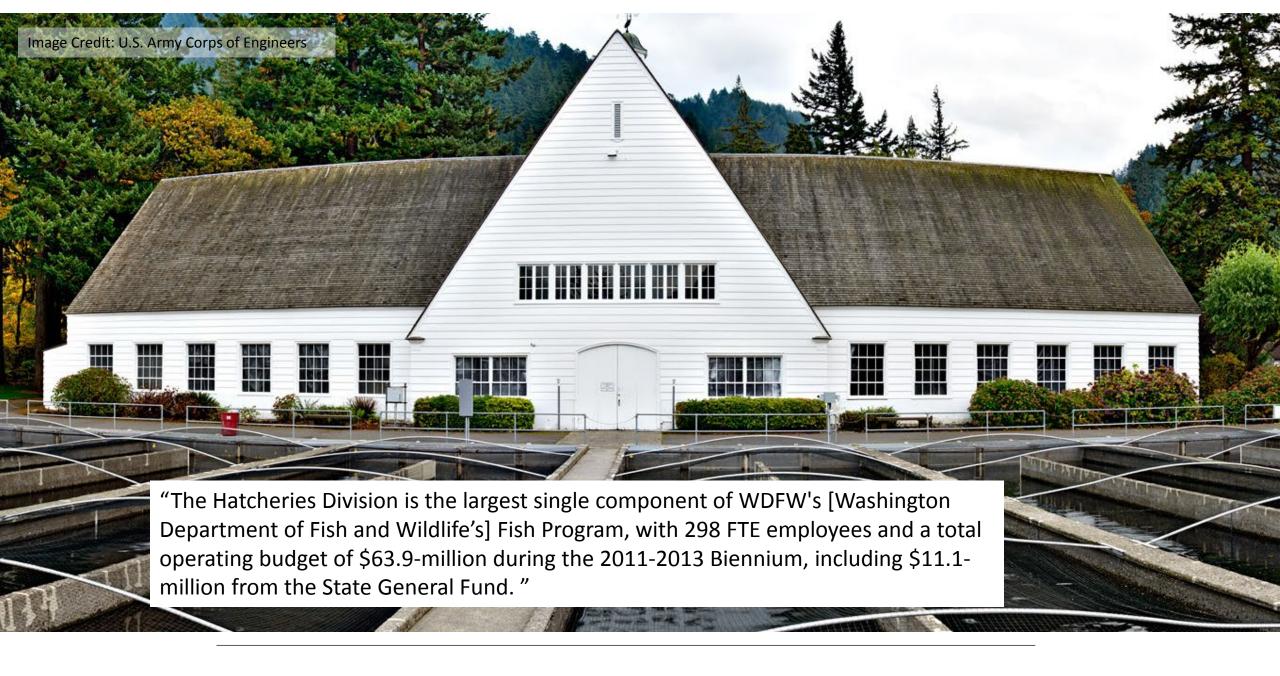


Image Credit: State of Washington Governor's Salmon Recovery Office



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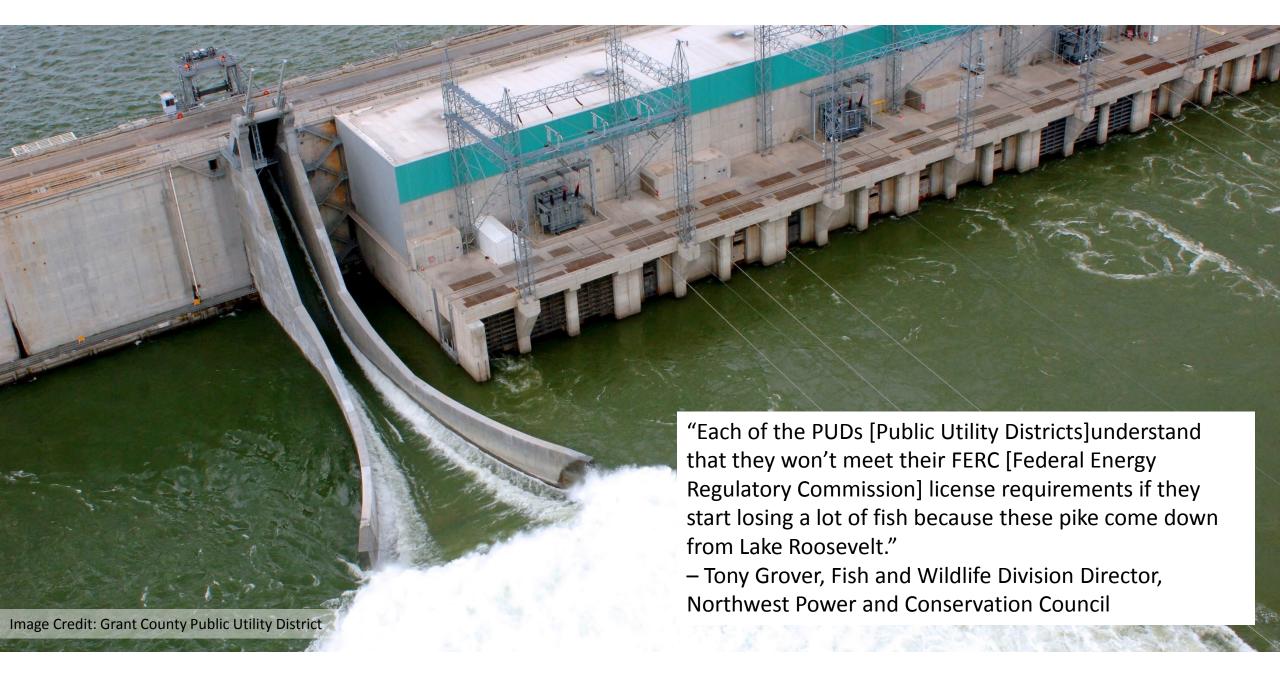
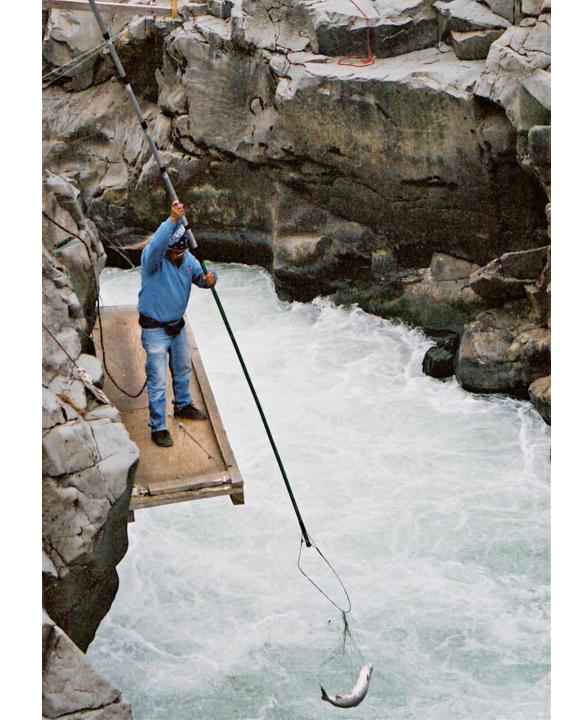
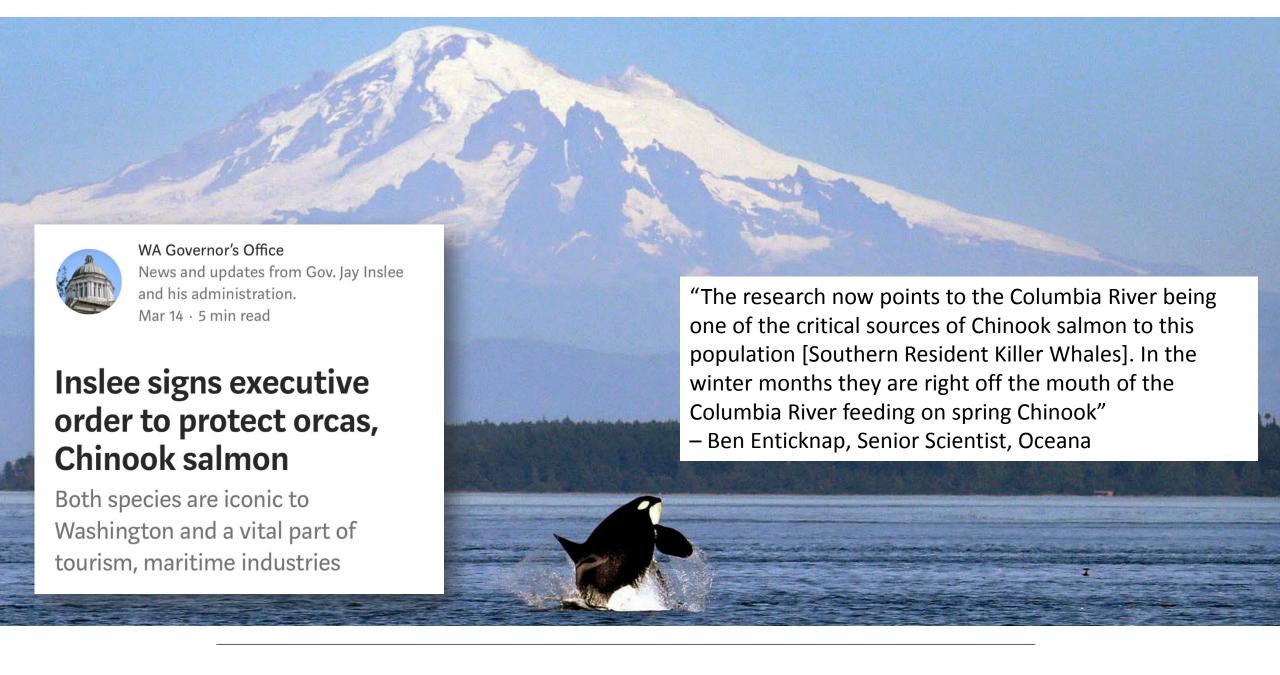


Image Credit:
Columbia River Intertribal Fisheries Commission







Pacific Northwest Northern Pike Forum and Coordination Meeting



July 14, 2018 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.

Known Risks and Potential Impacts

Fish Harvest

Tribal Harvest

- Tribal harvest valued at ~\$270K annually.
 - Kenaitze, Ninilchik, Eklutna, Knik tribal educational fisheries and Tyonek subsistence salmon fishery

Commercial Harvest

- Commercial fishing industry valued at \$1.2 billion annually.
 - Cook Inlet and Prince William Sound commercial fisheries

Recreational Harvest

- Recreational fishing industry valued at \$733 million per year.
 - Cook Inlet region recreational fisheries

Species Recovery

- More than \$4.1 million invested in salmon and trout recovery since 2011.
 - Pike suppression and eradication projects (not including permanent staff time)

Fish Hatchery Production and Returns

- More than \$2 million invested into hatchery production annually
 - Supports recreational fisheries in the Upper Cook Inlet Region

State of Alaska (region where pike are not native)

Cook Inlet Basin in Soutchentral Alaska where pike are not native and are considered an invasive species



2018 Pacific NorthWest Economic Summit | Invasive Species Working Group

Known Risks and Potential Impacts

Fish Harvest

Tribal Fisheries

- Commercial harvest value estimated at \$48.9 million in 2006.
- \$48.9 million does not reflect an economic value placed on personal use or ceremonial and subsistence use.

Commercial Fisheries

Commercial harvest valued at \$65.1 million in 2006.

Recreational Fisheries

428,480 recreational anglers spent an estimated 904.8 million in 2006 on fishing-related equipment and trip-related items.

Species Recovery

More than \$731 million invested in salmon recovery since 1991.

Fish Hatchery and Management Investment

More than \$20 million invested annually by Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife.

Hydropower Operating Permit Requirements

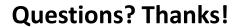
State of Washington

2018 Pacific NorthWest Economic Summit | Invasive Species Working Group



Northern Pike Collaboration and Regional Solutions

- What's the potential cost to the economy and environment of the Columbia River Basin?
 - Northwest Power and Conservation Council leading a study to be completed by May 2019
- What actions can the lower Columbia River Basin take to prevent impacts to salmon and steelhead?
 - Emergency response planning
 - Emergency response funding
- If spread continues, how can British Columbia, Oregon and Washington quickly respond and what's the longterm strategy?
 - Transboundary agreement or MOU?
- How can we work together to avoid illegal fish introductions?
 - Harmonized messaging



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